

# Enumerating Children Outside of Family Care and Measuring Separation in Emergencies



CPC/Better Care Network Symposium

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# Enumerating Children Outside of Family Care & Separation in Emergencies



Comprehensive data systems for children outside of family care can:

- **Measure and monitor trends of their numbers over time**
- **Spark and inform programmatic or policy responses**

# Current Work

1. Enumerating children outside of family care
  - Supported by USAID's Center on Children in Adversity via JSI, in support of Objective 2 of the Action Plan on Children in Adversity
  - Methods to be piloted in Cambodia this year
  - Guidelines can be found at: [www.cpcnetwork.org](http://www.cpcnetwork.org)
2. **Measuring separation in emergencies**
  - Supported by OFDA through Save the Children on behalf of the Child Protection Working Group's Assessment and Measurement Taskforce
  - Data from DRC under analysis (preliminary results)



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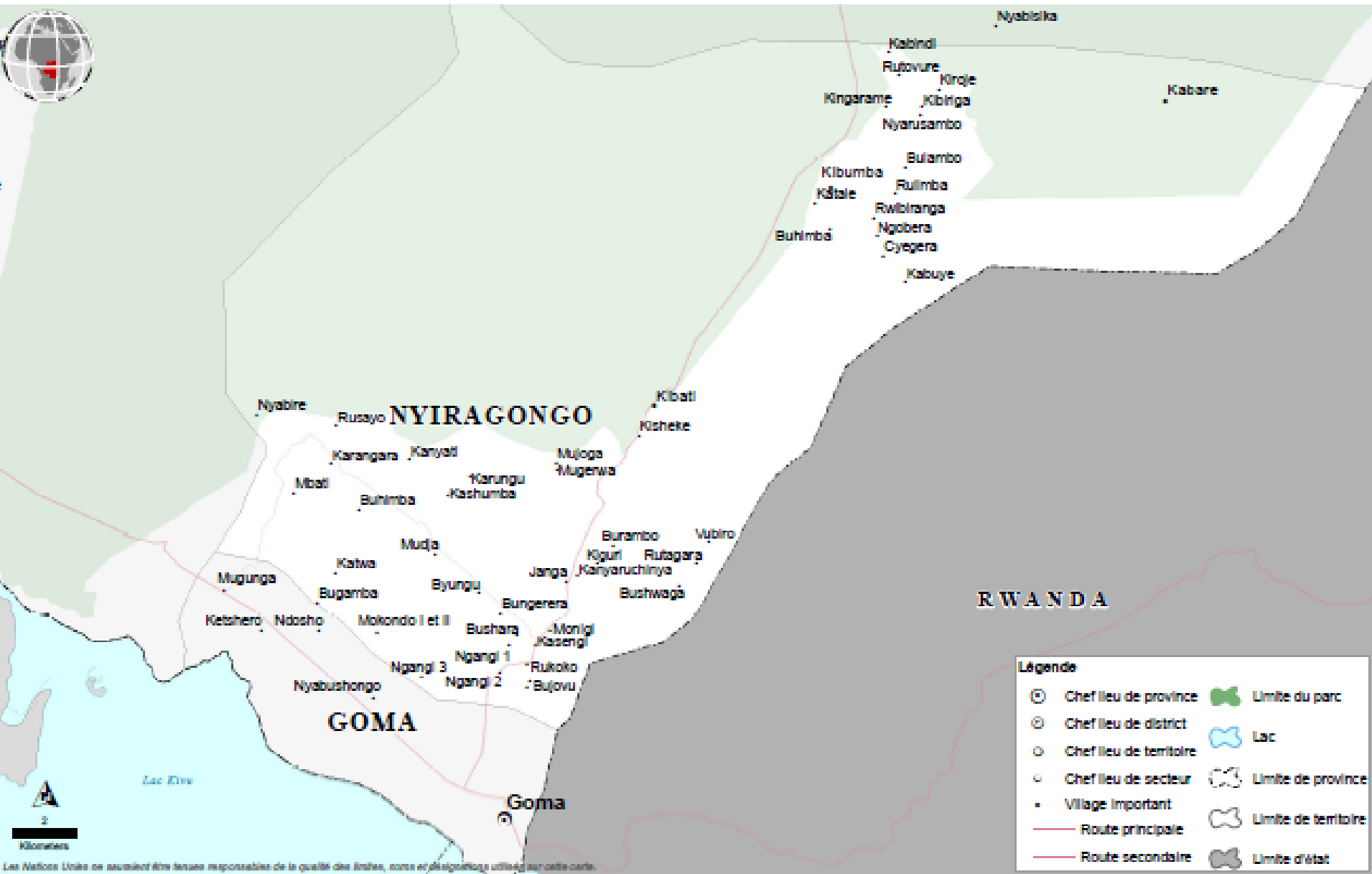
# Definitions

- ***Separated children*** are children who have been separated from both parents, or from their previous legal or customary primary caregiver, but not necessarily from other relatives. These may, therefore, include children accompanied by other adult family members.
- ***Unaccompanied children*** are children who have been separated from both parents and other relatives and are not being cared for by an adult who, by law or custom, is responsible for doing so.

# Objectives:

To develop...

- ***A Population-Based Estimation Tool:*** to provide a population-based estimation of the prevalence and basic characteristics of unaccompanied and separated children in a defined area, affected by the same emergency, at a given point in time.
- ***A Community-Based Surveillance Tool:*** to provide routine data on trends and basic characteristics of unaccompanied and separated children in defined areas over time.



**Légende**

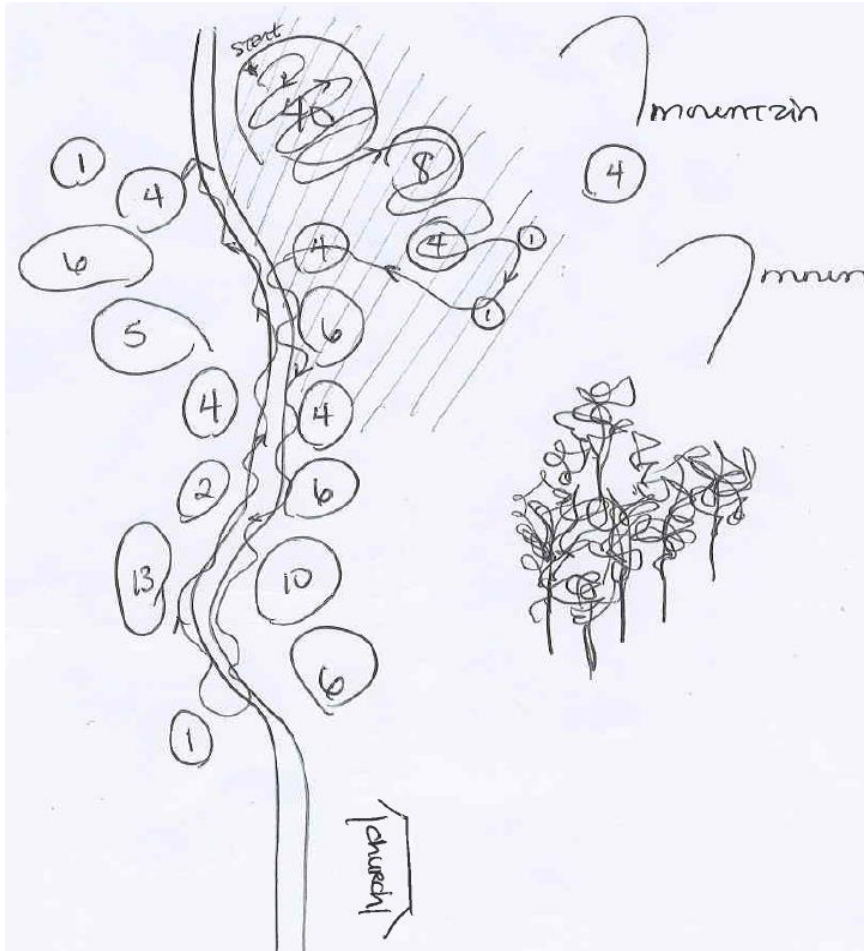
	Chef lieu de province		Limite du parc
	Chef lieu de district		Lac
	Chef lieu de territoire		Limite de province
	Chef lieu de secteur		Limite de territoire
	Village important		Limite de territoire
	Route principale		Limite de territoire
	Route secondaire		Limite d'état

Les Nations Unies ne peuvent être tenues responsables de la qualité des limites, ainsi qu'elles sont indiquées sur cette carte.

# Quantitative Methods

- **Population-based network sampling**
  - aims to provide a population-based estimation of the prevalence, number and basic characteristics of unaccompanied and separated children (UASC) in a defined area, affected by the same emergency, at any given point in time.
- **Community-based surveillance**
  - continuous, on-going measurement of the prevalence, trends, and basic characteristics of unaccompanied and separated children in defined areas over time
  - could ‘trigger’ additional population-based estimations

# Population-based network sampling



## Cluster survey

- 14 data collectors
- 6 days of training
- 3 weeks data collection
- 20 sites (16 villages, 4 IDP camps)
- 25-28 interviews per site (HH, plus 2 neighbours)



# Survey Tool

- HH composition *before and after* emergency
  - emergency = M23 take-over in Goma, December 2012 (limited ‘acute’ events in this setting)
- Identification of ‘new arrivals’ and ‘departures’
  - age, sex, causes, care situation

The image shows a survey tool with multiple forms and drawings. The forms are organized into two columns: 'AVANT' (Before) on the left and 'MAINTENANT' (Now) on the right. Each form contains a questionnaire with fields for household number, child code, age, sex, marital status, relationship, and whether the child is new or present before. Hand-drawn stick figures represent the children. A yellow sticky note is also visible on the left side.

**AVANT**

MENAGE 1

Enquête # 001  
Ménage # 01  
Code d'enfant  
A. Age 50  
B. Sexe: Femme Homme  
C. Marié? Oui Non  
D. Relation? Mère  
E. Nouveau né? Oui Non  
F. Avant? Oui Non

Le dessin.

Enquête # 001  
Ménage # 01  
Code d'enfant  
A. Age 13  
B. Sexe: Femme Homme  
C. Marié? Oui Non  
D. Relation? GARÇON  
E. Nouveau né? Oui Non  
F. Vivant? Oui Non NS

Le dessin.

**MAINTENANT**

Enquête # 001  
Ménage # 01  
Code d'enfant  
A. Age 50  
B. Sexe: Femme Homme  
C. Marié? Oui Non  
D. Relation? Mère  
E. Nouveau né? Oui Non  
F. Avant? Oui Non

Le dessin.

Enquête # 001  
Ménage # 01  
Code d'enfant  
A. Age 13  
B. Sexe: Femme Homme  
C. Marié? Oui Non  
D. Relation? GARÇON  
E. Nouveau né? Oui Non  
F. Avant? Oui Non

Le dessin.

Enquête # 001  
Ménage # 01  
Code d'enfant  
A. Age 15  
B. Sexe: Femme Homme  
C. Marié? Oui Non  
D. Relation? FILLE  
E. Nouveau né? Oui Non  
F. Avant? Oui Non

Le dessin.

Enquête # 001  
Ménage # 01  
Code d'enfant  
A. Age 13  
B. Sexe: Femme Homme  
C. Marié? Oui Non  
D. Relation? GARÇON  
E. Nouveau né? Oui Non  
F. Avant? Oui Non

Le dessin.

1 ENFANT  
DEPART  
DISPARU

# Preliminary Results: Arrivals

	HH_1		HH_2 + HH_3	
	PP	95% CI	PP	95% CI
prevalence of separation	8.47%	(7.34-9.71)	4.69%	(4.00-5.46)
in non-camps	9.07%	(7.78-10.48)	4.14%	(3.42-4.95)
in camps	5.67%	(3.59-8.46)	7.25%	(5.30-9.64)
prevalence of unaccompaniment	1.87%	(1.34-2.52)	2.03%	(1.58-2.57)

Prevalence of separation = 8.47%

[95% CI: 7.34-9.71]

# Preliminary Results: Departures

	HH_1		HH_2 + HH_3	
	PP	95% CI	PP	95% CI
prevalence of separation	5.46%	(4.51-6.54)	3.42%	(2.80-4.12)
in non-camps	3.86%	(2.98-4.91)	2.84%	(2.22-3.56)
in camps	12.03%	(9.00-15.63)	6.10%	(4.24-8.46)
prevalence of unaccompaniment	0.54%	(0.27-0.97)	0.20%	(0.07-0.43)

Prevalence of separation = 5.46%

[95% CI: 4.51-6.54]

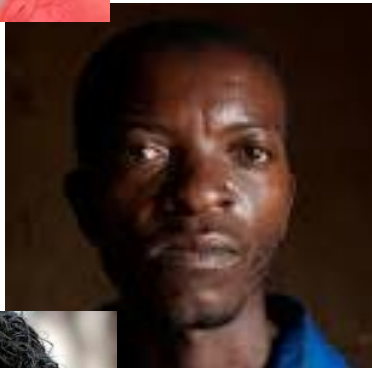
# Limitations

- Long recall period (20 months since Dec. 2012)
- Convenience sampling due to security concerns
- Systematic exclusion of child-headed households as primary respondents (HH1)
- Caretaker status for departures often unknown
- Technical experts required for implementation, 6-8 week timeframe from emergency onset likely unrealistic

# Quantitative Methods

- Population-based network sampling
  - aims to provide a population-based estimation of the prevalence, number and basic characteristics of unaccompanied and separated children (UASC) in a defined area, affected by the same emergency, at any given point in time
- **Community-based surveillance**
  - **continuous, on-going measurement of the trends, and basic characteristics of unaccompanied and separated children in defined areas over time**
  - **could ‘trigger’ additional population-based estimations**

# Community-based surveillance



- 10 of 20 sites from the population-based network sampling (villages only)
- 31 Focal Points ( $\approx$  3 Focal Points per site)
- 2 days training
- STC partner organisation PAMI = Focal Point support, follow-up and urgent action

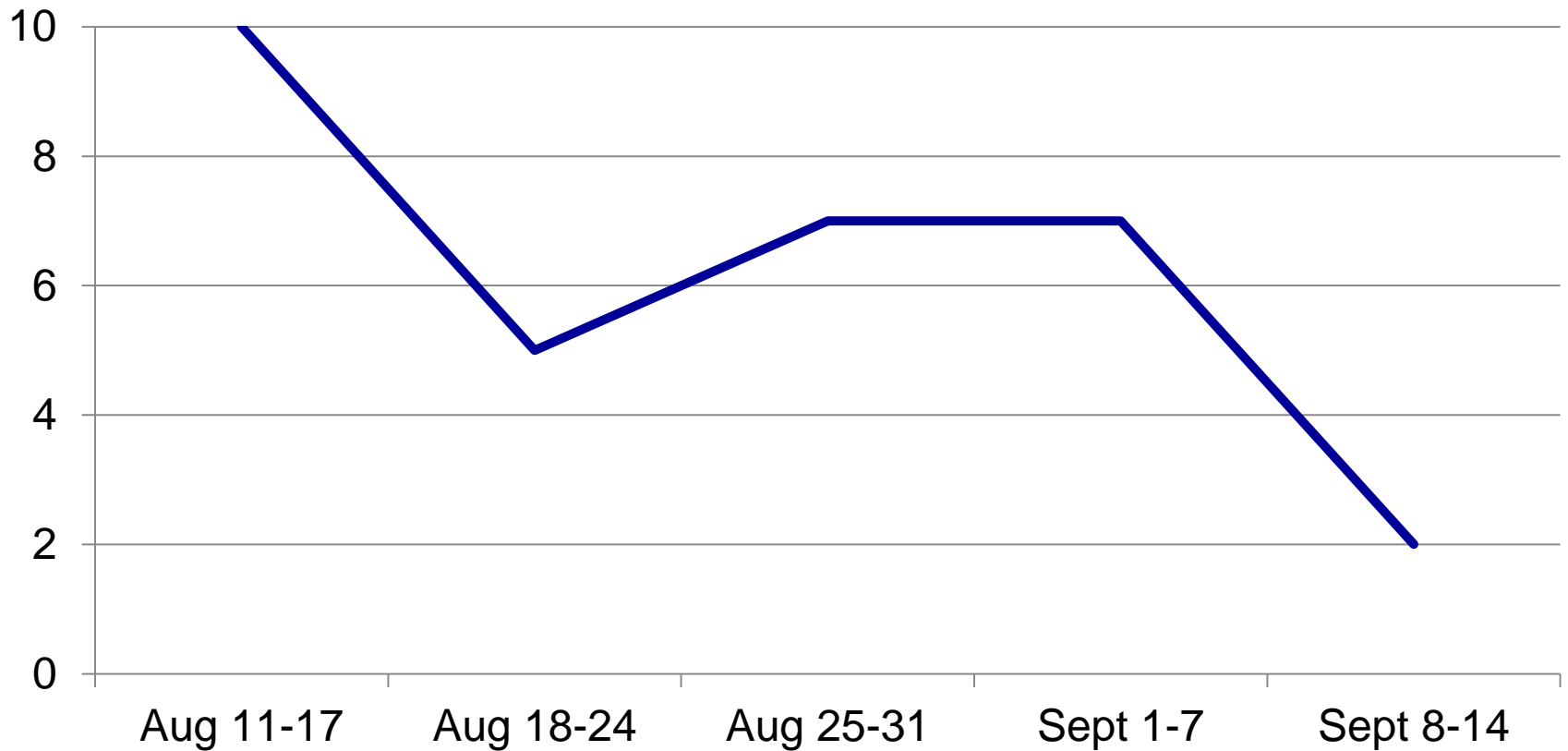
# Surveillance Protocol

- Report by SMS for each child identified: age, sex, separated/unaccompanied, arrival/departure, cause, current care situation
- Weekly reporting to central phone, even if no cases
- Verification visits and reporting



# Preliminary Results

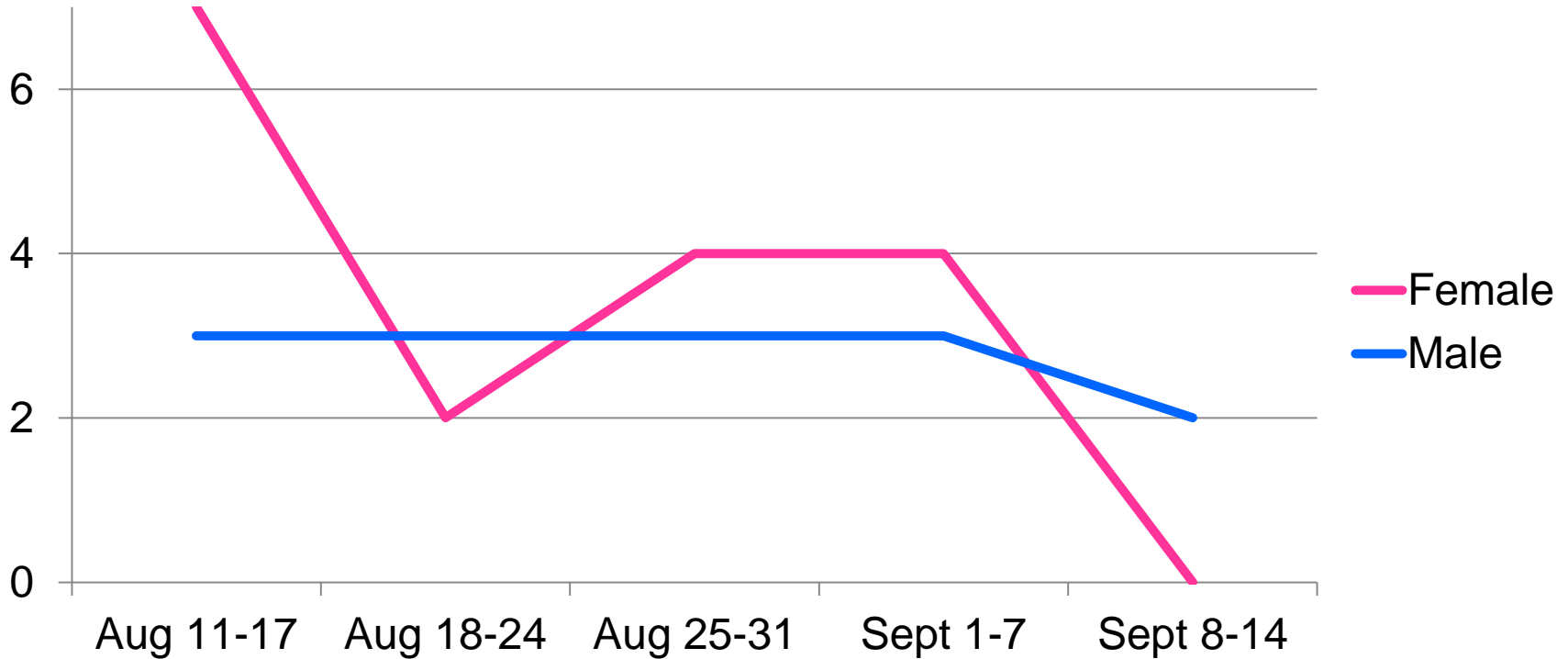
## Total Number of UASC by Week





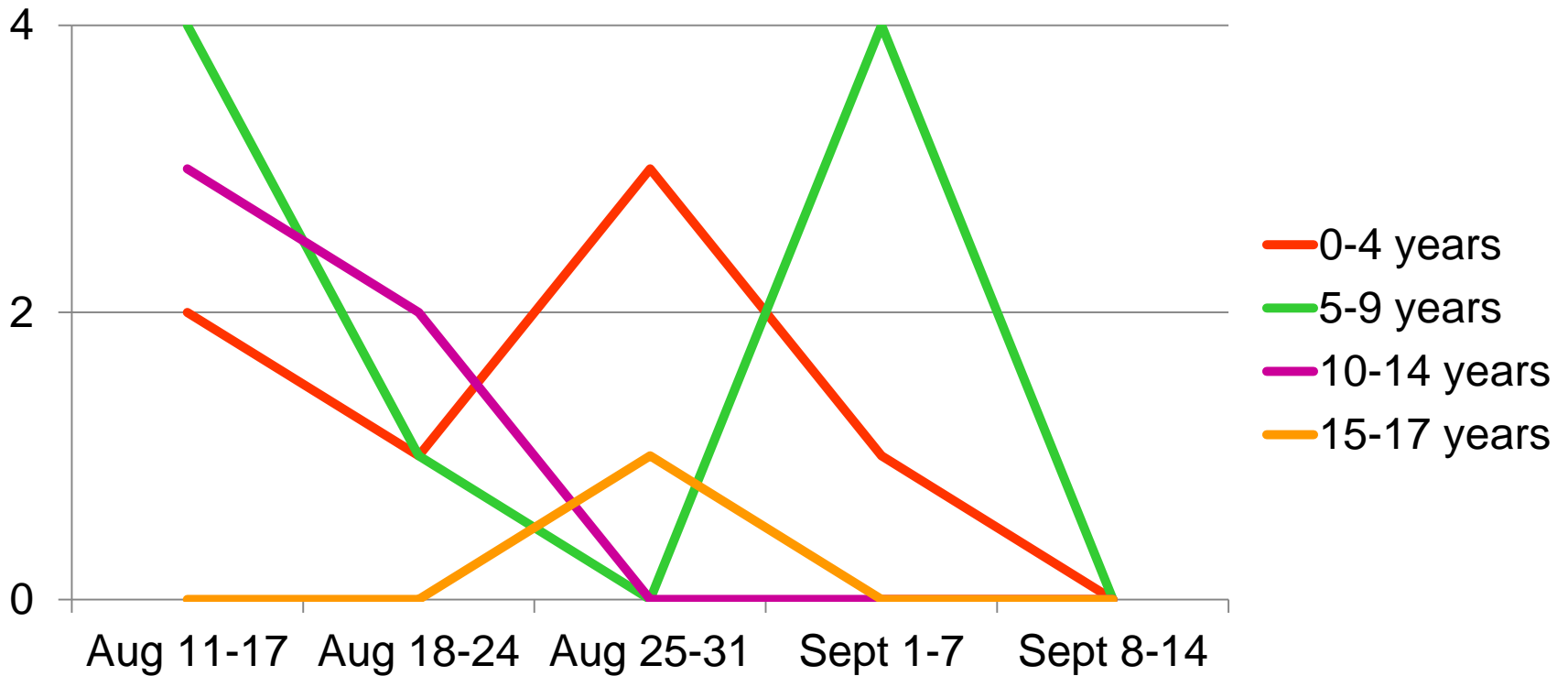
# Preliminary Results

## Number of UASC by Week, Disaggregated by Sex



# Preliminary Results

## Number of UASC by Week, Disaggregated by Age Group



# Limitations

- Results cannot be generalized or used for enumeration
- Data quality highly dependent on Focal Points
- Individual case follow-up not realistic in most settings (PAMI = an exception)
- Potential to report old cases, despite training
- Security concerns for Focal Points in contexts where separation may have a military or trafficking aspect

# Next steps

- Finalize analysis for population-based network sampling
- Continue ongoing community-based surveillance
- Adapt methods and tools based on field-learning
- Report findings and identify opportunities for additional pilots



# Thank you



# SMS-based Community Surveillance Codebook

Step 1		Step 2		Step 3		Step 4		Step 5		Step 6	
Age	Code	Sex	Code	Separated or Unaccompanied?	Code	Departed or Arriving Child?	Code	Reason for separation?	Code	He/she lives with whom?	Code
Provide age	00-17	Female	20	Separated	30	Disappeared/departed from community	40	Attack/war/conflict	50	Parents	70
0-4	94	Male	21	Unaccompanied	31	New arrival in community	41	Death of parent/s/customary	51	Uncle/aunt/grandparents	71
5-9	95	Don't Know	28	Don't Know	38	Neither departure nor arrival (in same community)	42	Work	52	Brothers/Sisters > 17 years	72
10-14	96	No Response	29	No Response	39	Don't Know	48	School	53	Other family > 17 years	73
15-17	97							Poverty	54	Non-family other adults	74
Don't Know	98							Ran away	55	With other children	80
No Response	99							Illness	56	Spouse	81
								Insecurity	57	Institution/ group home	82
								Marriage	58	Alone	83
								Lost during movement	59	Other	84
								Guardian disappearance	60	Don't Know	88
								Child disappearance	61	No Response	89
								Recruitment	62		
								Trafficking/kidnapping	63		
								Other	64		
								Don't Know	68		
								No Response	69		

\* If no cases occurred during the week, send a message with 0000 indicating you have nothing to report.  
 \* If you need someone to call you, send a message with 9999.

\* You must send at least one text message per week by Friday of each week at 0971823819.  
 \* For each child, provide a code for all six steps, even if you do not know the answer for each step.  
 \* Each step must be separated by a comma.  
 \* If there are multiple responses within the same step, place the 2+ responses within parantheses, separated by a comma: 05, 20, 30, (41, 42), 60